County of Carroll, New Hampshire

Independent Auditors' Report and Management's Financial Statements

December 31, 2013

# Ron L. Beaulieu & Company CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE

#### **DECEMBER 31, 2013**

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of County of Carroll, New Hampshire Ossipee, New Hampshire

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Carroll, New Hampshire, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Carroll, New Hampshire, as of December 31, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 3.1 through 3.6 and 31 through 33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Rond. Beaulier & co.

Portland, Maine July 07, 2015

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In New Hampshire, counties are intermediate units of government, not as close to the people as town government, but less distant than the State. Counties perform services which work best when designed to meet local needs, but which are too expensive or too difficult for the towns to provide.

County government has an executive branch, consisting of three elected County Commissioners who jointly serve as the County's chief executive, and four elected department heads: the County Attorney, the Sheriff, the Register of Deeds, and the Treasurer. County elections are held biennially during even-numbered years. Commissioners are from individual districts, but all the county officials are elected countywide.

The legislative branch of county government, consisting of all State Representatives from the county (15 in Carroll County) is called the County Legislative Delegation. The County Delegation adopts an annual county budget which raises revenues and appropriates funds for county departments and programs. Carroll County has a budget of \$27,729,710 for the Fiscal Year of 2013 with \$13,669,408 raised by property taxes. The Delegation meets with the Commissioners quarterly to review the County's financial reports.

#### REPORTING THE MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS OF THE COUNTY

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has initiated standards for reporting municipal financial activities each year. The standard, GASB No. 34, requires a County to report the activity in its most significant funds. Those funds are determined by the application of a defined test to the County's activity.

Carroll County currently has two significant funds to be reported. They include the following:

General Fund (Government Activities): the majority of County spending is reported as General Fund expenditures. These expenditures reflect the spending of all County departments except the Nursing Home. Expenses in this category include the expenditures of the Department of Corrections, Farm, Sewer, Water Department, Registry of Deeds, Sheriff's Office, County Attorney, Health and Human Services, Delegation, Conservation District, Home and Health Care, and all Administrative Departments.

Enterprise Fund (Business-type activities): The revenue and expenditures of the Carroll County Nursing Home are isolated in a special fund (Enterprise Fund) that has been established for this purpose. Since a significant amount of expense is reimbursed (in

whole or in part) by federal and state agencies, it is critical to isolate the financial activity at the Nursing Home in this special fund.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

A fund is an accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The County divides its funds into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Government Funds: Most basic services provided by the County are financed and accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as the available balances of these resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining the County's financing requirements for the subsequent fiscal period. Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Because the focus of governmental funds is for the current period, it is useful to compare this information to the data presented in the government-wide financial statements. Readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County has four individual governmental funds: General, Incentive, Registry of Deeds and Capital Reserve funds. Of these, the General fund is the only one that is considered a major fund, and is presented in separate columns on the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.

<u>Proprietary Fund:</u> This fund, Mountain View Nursing Home, is used to show activities that operate similar to private business enterprises. Because these funds charge fees for services provided, they are known as enterprise funds. Proprietary fund financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, like the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

<u>Fiduciary Funds:</u> These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of Carroll County. The fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the assets of these funds are not available to support the activities of the County. The economic resources management focuses and

accrual basis of accounting is used for fiduciary funds, the same as that is used for the proprietary funds.

The County's only fiduciary funds are the agency funds for the inmate savings, Register of Deeds, Nursing Home patient funds and Gift Cart Fund, Employee Benefit Fund and Sheriff Escrow funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements: The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found following the fund financial statements.

Other Information: Additional schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the combining statements for the nonmajor funds and a schedule of budget to actual comparisons.

#### STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

The Statement of Net Assets reports information about the County as a whole. This statement includes all of the assets of the County using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenue and expenditures are taken into account regardless of when the cash is received, or paid.

This report reflects the difference between the County's assets and liabilities. This is one way to measure the financial health of the County. Over time, increases or decreases in the net assets of the County are an indicator of whether the financial health of the County is improving or deteriorating. In the case of Carroll County the assets exceeded liabilities by \$8,139,044 for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013

A portion of the County's net assets, \$5,906,153, reflects its investments in capital assets, (e.g., land, buildings and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investments in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay any debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the net assets, restricted net assets, \$687,892, is for Juvenile Incentive, Deeds Surcharge, Capital Reserves and Expendable Funds.

The remaining portions of net assets, unrestricted net assets \$1,544,999 represents an additional component of total net assets. This balance displays the financial strength of the County.

The statement below reflects the County's Net Assets as of December 31, 2013

#### CARROLL COUNTY SUMMARY OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2012 AND 2013

		MENTAL VITIES	1	SS-TYPE	1 77	TAL
Asset				VITIES		NTY
	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013
Current of Other	\$ 3,517,648	1,845,932	\$ 2,658,310	2,470,280	\$ 6,175,958	4,316,212
Assets						
Capital Assets	10,361,949	9,906,166	20,470,882	19,194,425	30,832,831	29,100,591
TOTAL Assets	\$13,879,597	11,752,098	\$23,129,192	21,664,705	\$37,008,789	33,416,803
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities	\$ 2,496,352	2,035,839	\$ 1,856,500	1,840,239	\$ 4,352,852	2 076 070
Long-Term Debt	2,571,445	1,895,277	20,690,090			3,876,078
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 5,067,797	3,931,116		19,502,289	23,261,535	21,397,644
Total Deferred	\$ 4,340		\$22,545,590 \$	21,342,528	\$27,614,387	25,273,644
Inflow of	Ψ 4,540	4,115	) D		\$ 4,340	4,115
Resources						
Net Position						
Invested in Capital	\$ 7,192,459	7,402,489	\$ (1,422,516	(1 496 336)	\$ 5,769,943	5,906,153
Assets		.,,,	(1,122,510	) (1,470,550)	\$ 5,709,945	3,900,133
Restricted	283,775	438,572	248,976	249,320	532,751	687,892
Unrestricted	1,331,226	(24,194)	1,756,142	1,569,193	3,087,368	1,544,999
TOTAL NET	\$ 8,807,460	7,816,867	\$ 583,602	322,177	\$ 9,390,062	
POSITION		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Ψ 505,002	322,177	\$ 2,320,002	8,139,044
TOTAL						
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$13,879,597	11,752,098	\$23,129,192	21,664,705	\$37,008,789	33,416,803

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

During fiscal year 2013 Carroll County generated \$26,569,035 in overall revenue. This was comprised of \$15,438,171 in general revenue and \$11,130,864 in revenue from business-type activities. Total expenditures were \$27,820,053; \$13,684,684 in general expenses and \$14,135,369 in business-type expenses.

The largest source of general revenue for the County is County Taxes, which were \$13,957,604.

The cost of governmental activities for the fiscal year ended 12/31/13 was \$13,684,684. The programs that were the most costly were Human Services \$4,270,785, Public Safety (which includes the Sheriff's Department and Dispatch Center) \$2,940,136 and the County Jail \$3,044,020. The funding for these programs came from County Taxes of \$13,957,604. Other programs funded by General Government include County Attorney, Registry of Deeds, Water Works, Sewer System, Farm, Regional Appropriations, Cooperative Extension and all administrative departments.

Business-type Activities: The Carroll County Nursing Home (Mountain View Nursing Home) functions as a business-type activity (Enterprise fund). Revenue is generated through the care of residents. The total revenue was \$11,130,864. Overall expenses for the Nursing Home \$14,135,369. Expenditures for the Nursing Home include salary and benefits for the county employees caring for the residents, along with operating expenses associated with running the Nursing Home.

### CARROLL COUNTY ACTUAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES DECEMBER 31, 2012 and 2013

		MENTAL VITIES		SS-TYPE VITIES		TOTAL RNMENT
Revenue	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013
Program Revenue						
Charges for Services	1,399,789	1,383,588	10,955,057	11,116,671	12,354,846	12,500,259
Operating Grants & Cont.	71,072	35,250	7	,,-,-,-	71,072	35,250
Capital Grants & Cont.			400,100		400,100	33,230
General Revenues			<del> </del>			
County Taxes	13,541,129	13,957,604			13,541,129	13,957,604
Interest Earned	3,492	398	9,201	647	12,693	1,045
Miscellaneous	126,456	61,331	6,139	13,546	132,595	74,877
Total Revenue	15,141,938	15,438,171	11,370,497	11,130,864	26,512,435	26,569,035
Program Expenditures						
General Government	3,104,994	3,077,658			3,104,994	3,077,658
Public Safety	2,897,098	2,940,136	<del>                                     </del>		2,897,098	2,940,136
Human Services	4,007,498	4,270,785			4,007,498	4,270,785
Corrections	3,164,764	3,044,020	-		3,164,764	3,044,020
Nursing Home			13,360,845	13,410,260	13,360,845	13,410,260
Farm	188,788	178,099	, , , , , , ,	15,110,200	188,788	178,099
Debt Services	227,699	173,986	754,480	725,109	982,179	899,095
Total Expenditures	13,590,841	13,684,684	14,115,325	14,135,369	27,706,166	27,820,053
Transfers	(2,881,991)	(2,744,080)	2,881,991	2,744,080	-	
		( ) ) /		2,744,000		
Change in Net Position	(1,330,894)	(990,593)	137,163	(260,425)	(1,193,731)	(1,251,018)
	(1,550,694)	(330,333)				
Net Position – Jan 1 (restated)	10,138,354	8,807,460	445,439	582,602	10,583,793	9,390,062
Net Position – Dec 31	8,807,460	7,816,867	582,602	322,177	9,390,062	8,139,044

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF COUNTY FUNDS

#### County's Budgetary Highlights:

At the end of the year, general fund actual revenues were \$15,071,238, \$28,401 less than budgeted. Actual expenditures were \$13,607,349, \$14,223 less than had been budgeted contributing to Revenues exceeding Expenditures for a total of \$1,463,889.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets:

The County's investment in capital assets for general and business-type activities as of December 31, 2013, was \$29,100,591 (net of depreciation). This investment of capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, wastewater and water systems, furniture, equipment and vehicles.

#### Long-term Debt:

Governmental Activities:

At year-end, the County had \$2,408,479 in bond obligations, State of New Hampshire Revolving loan and public improvement bond; this is due to the Jail Construction Bond, Wastewater System and Water System construction and capital projects.

#### Business-Type Activities:

At year-end the County had \$19,975,000 in bond obligations for the construction of the new Mountain View Nursing Home. The bond will mature August 2030.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The overall County Budgeted expenditures are expected to increase .89% to \$27,977,806. The amount to be raised by taxes is expected to increase by 4.8% to \$14,334,920. The total increase in the Budget for 2014 is \$248,096, which amount is spread throughout the Budget to the various departments.

#### Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional information should be addressed to the Carroll County Commissioners, P. O. Box 152, Ossipee, NH 03864.

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2013

		overnmental Activities	Ви	ısiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash	\$	859,412	\$	229,798	\$	1,089,210
Accounts receivable (net)		123,052		2,357,816		2,480,868
Taxes receivable (net)		130,109		_		130,109
Due from other governments (net)		22,268		336,055		358,323
Internal Balances		530,650		(530,650)		-
Inventories		57,911		52,630		110,541
Prepaid expenses		122,530		24,631		147,161
Total current assets		1,845,932		2,470,280	-	4,316,212
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets, net		9,903,387		18,658,347		28,561,734
Restricted cash		2,779		536,078		538,857
Total noncurrent assets		9,906,166		19,194,425		29,100,591
TOTAL ASSETS	-	11,752,098		21,664,705	-	33,416,803
LIABILITIES	2	11,702,000		21,004,703		33,410,603
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		1 110 000		44.400		
Accrued expenses		1,116,896		14,462		1,131,358
Accrued payroll		28,363		136,815		165,178
Accrued interest		130,256		182,041		312,297
		46,926		303,940		350,866
Due to other governments		-		-		-
Lease payable, current portion		35,911		-		35,911
Bond payable, current portion  Total current liabilities		677,487		1,202,981		1,880,468
		2,035,839		1,840,239		3,876,078
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Accrued compensated absences		107,777		263,829		371,606
Lease payable, less current portion		56,508		-		56,508
Bonds payable, less current portion		1,730,992		19,238,460		20,969,452
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,895,277		19,502,289		21,397,566
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,931,116		21,342,528		25,273,644
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
Deferred revenues		4,115		-		4,115
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES		4,115		-		4,115
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		7,402,489		(1,496,336)		5,906,153
Restricted		438,572		249,320		687,892
Unrestricted		(24,194)		1,569,193		1,544,999
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	7,816,867	\$	322,177	\$	8,139,044
			<u> </u>			3,100,017

See accompanying independent auditors' report and management's notes to financial statements.

# COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			200		-	or (Pyperise) IV	iver (LApelise) heveriue and changes in Net Position	nges II	Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Ō	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
69	3.077.658	\$ 870 595	35 250	€ e	6	(0 424 645)	6	•	
	2040426			·	9	(5,17,1,013)	Ð	<b>₽</b>	(2,171,813)
	2,340,130	794,000	1	•		(2,646,076)		,	(2,646,076)
	4,270,785	•	a	,		(4,270,785)		,	(4.270.785)
	3,044,020	36,664	ı	•		(3,007,356)		1	(3.007,356)
	178,099	182,269	1	•		4,170			4.170
- 1	173,986	•	4	11		(173,986)			(173,986)
	13,684,684	1,383,588	35,250	1		(12,265,846)			(12.265,846)
- 1	14,135,369	11,116,671		1		ı	(3,018,698)	€	(3,018,698)
- 11	27,820,053	12,500,259	35,250	1		(12,265,846)	(3,018,698)	 	(15,284,544)
		General revenues:							
		Taxes - County assessment	assessment			13,957,604	•		13.957.604
		Interest				398	647		1.045
		Miscellaneous revenues	svenues			61,331	13.546		74.877
		Transfers		•		(2,744,080)	2,744,080		
		Total general revenues	senı	,		11,275,253	2,758,273		14,033,526
		Change in net position	tion	,		(990,593)	(260,425)		(1,251,018)
		Net position - January 1	ary 1			8,807,460	582,602		9,390,062
		Net position - December 31	mber 31		s	7,816,867	\$ 322,177	49	8,139,044

Total governmental activities

Inferest

Business-type activities: Nursing Home

Governmental activities: General government

Public safety
Human services
Corrections
Farm

Functions/Programs

See accompanying independent auditors' report and management's notes to financial statements.

# COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS **DECEMBER 31, 2013**

Parado		\$ 728.306			57.911	88813	530.650	122,530	2.779	\$ 1.572.019		1.116.896	28.363	130.256	167 844	1 443 359		4 115	4 115		711.091	2 779			(589.325)	124.545	\$ 1,572,019
	ASSETS	Cash	Accounts receivable (net)	Taxes receivable (net)	Inventories	Due from other governments (net)	Due from other funds	Prepaid expenses	Restricted cash	TOTAL ASSETS	LIABILITIES	Accounts payable	Accrued expenses	Accrued payroll	Due to other funds	TOTAL LIABILITIES	DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	Deferred revenues	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	FUND BALANCES	Nonspendable	Restricted	Committed	Assigned	Unassigned	TOTAL FUND BALANCES	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

2,016,555

4

444,536

698,494 122,530

57,911

130,109

2,022

22,268

13,455

167,844

859,412 123,052 130,109

Total

Governmental Funds

167,844

12,858

8,743

711,091 156,450

> 279,343 156,450

28,363

1,116,896

130,256

	ıı
\$ 7,816,867	Net assets of governmental activities
(2,608,675)	Long-term liabilities from governmental activities
8,743	Deferred revenue from governmental activities
(46,926)	Accrued interest from governmental activities
9,903,387	Capital assets used in governmental activities

(589,325) 560,338

435,793

444,536

# COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

			Other Governmental		
		General	Funds		Total
REVENUES					
Taxes from cities and towns	69	13,669,408	\$ 201 521	¥	13 060 020
acceptor consison		) ) . []		•	13,300,323
מומולמים וכו מפו אוכפים		1,092,625	72,029		1,164,654
Intergovernmental		28,885	6,365		35,250
Farm		182,269			182,269
Jail		36,664	•		36,664
Interest earned		213	185		398
Miscellaneous		61,174	158		61,332
I O I AL REVENUES		15,071,238	370,258		15,441,496
EXPENDITURES					
General government		2,621,479	193,610		2.815.089
Public safety		2,538,043	99,134		2.637.177
Human services		4,270,785			4.270.785
Corrections		3,044,020			3.044,020
Farm		168,354	•		168,354
County taxes		•	81,946		81.946
Fixed asset acquisition/construction		115,869			115 860
Debt service:					600,61
Principal retirement		677,487			677 487
Interest expense		185,597	r		185.597
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		13,621,634	374,690		13,996,324

See accompanying independent auditors' report and management's notes to financial statements.

# COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Total	() \$ 1,445,172	,	73,475	(2,744,080)	(2,670,605)	(1,225,433)	1,785,771	\$ 560,338
Other Governmental Funds	\$ (4,432) \$			, ,		(4,432)	440,225	\$ 435,793
General	\$ 1,449,604 \$	1	73,475	(2,744,080)	(2,670,605)	(1,221,001)	1,345,546	124,545
	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bond proceeds	Proceeds from capital leases Transfers in	Transfers out	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AFTER OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	FUND BALANCE - JANUARY 1	FUND BALANCE - DECEMBER 31

# COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

Net change in fund balances - total government funds	\$ (1,225,433)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
This is the amount of capital outlays.	115,868
This is the amount of depreciation expense.	(571,652)
Expenses for accrued compensated absences do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	16,524
Expenses for accrued interest do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	11,611
Proceeds from capital leases and loans is a revenue in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(73,475)
Payments of capital leases and loans are expenditures in the governmental funds, but are a reduction of long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	61,802
Payment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	677,487
Revenues that were deferred in the governmental fund statements, that do not provide current resources, are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	(3,325)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (990,593)

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS		Nu	rsing Home
Current assets:			
Cash		•	
Accounts receivable (net)		\$	229,798
Due from other governments (net)			2,357,816
Due from other funds			336,055
Inventories			-
Prepaid expenses			52,630
Total current assets			24,631
	3*		3,000,930
Noncurrent assets:	7		
Capital assets, net			18,658,347
Restricted cash			536,078
Total noncurrent assets			19,194,425
TOTAL ASSETS			22,195,355
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable			44.400
Accrued payroll			14,462
Accrued expenses			182,041
Accrued interest			136,815
Bond payable, current portion			303,940 1,202,981
Total current liabilities			1,840,239
			1,040,239
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due to other funds			530,650
Accrued compensated absences			263,829
Bonds payable, less current portion			19,238,460
Total noncurrent liabilities			20,032,939
TOTAL LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES			21,873,178
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets			(1,496,336)
Restricted			249,320
Unrestricted			1,569,193
TOTAL NET POSITION		\$	322,177
	:		JLL, 111

See accompanying independent auditors' report and management's notes to financial statements.

## COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

OPERATING REVENUES	Nursing Home
Charges for services	10.050.050
Meal sales	10,852,350
Miscellaneous	264,321
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	13,546 11,130,217
	11,130,217
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Administration	1,195,625
Dietary	1,616,236
Nursing	6,670,574
Plant operations	810,976
Laundry	130,231
Housekeeping	455,943
Physicians and pharmacy	90,217
Physical therapy	328,389
Recreational therapy	417,448
Social services	143,228
Special services	497,943
Depreciation	1,053,450
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	13,410,260
ODERATING INCOME (1 000)	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(2,280,043)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	647
Interest expense	(725,109)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(724,462)
OTHER REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Transfer in from general fund	
TOTAL OTHER REVENUES (EXPENSES)	2,744,080
TOTAL OTTLER REPLACED (EXPERSED)	2,744,080
NET INCOME (LOSS)	(260,425)
NET POSITION - JANUARY 1	582,602
NET POSITION - DECEMBER 31	\$ 322,177

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Nursing Home
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Internal activity - receipt from (payments to) other funds NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 11,017,847 (6,485,828) (5,875,124) 534,456 (808,649)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES (NON-CAPITAL)	
Transfer in from general fund	2,744,080
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (NON-CAPITAL)	2,744,080
FINANCING ACTIVITIES (CAPITAL) Purchase of capital assets Principal payments on long-term debt	(76,088)
Interest payments on long-term debt	(1,202,981)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES (CAPITAL)	(725,109) (2,004,178)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
Withdrawals from restricted cash NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	299,742
MET GAGIT ROYDED (GGED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	299,742
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	230,995
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JANUARY 1	(1,197)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - DECEMBER 31	\$ 229,798

#### STATEMENT H (CONTINUED)

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Nur	sing Home
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating		
activities:		
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to		(2,280,043)
net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation		1,053,450
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		1,000,100
Accounts receivable and accrued revenue		(17,063)
Due from other governments Inventories		(95,307)
Prepaid expenses		(0.004)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(3,061)
Due to other funds		(16,261) 534,456
Accrued compensated absences		15,180
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(808,649)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$	765,219

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2013

ASSETS	Agency Funds				
Cash Accounts receivable TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 826,148 6,277 \$ 832,425				
LIABILITIES  Due to specific governments  Due to specific individuals  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 699,427 132,998 \$ 832,425				

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County of Carroll is a "body corporate" under the authority of the New Hampshire Revised Statute Annotated (RSA) 23:1. The elected County Commissioners are responsible for the day to day operation of the County.

#### Principles Determining Scope of Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the County consist of the funds of the County and Hales Location. The County has oversight responsibility for Hales Location since Hales Location has no elected governing body. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

#### Part 1 - Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities focuses on the primary government of the County of Carroll, New Hampshire as a whole. All governmental funds are included but are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from these government-wide financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Program revenues include charges to taxpayers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program; and operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirement of a particular program.

#### Internal Activity

Amounts reported in the governmental funds as "due to other funds" and "due from other funds" have been eliminated in the statement of net position, except amounts due between the governmental and business-type activities. Any amounts that are "due to" or "due from" the fiduciary funds have been included in the statement of net assets.

#### Capitalization of Assets

#### Governmental Funds

Fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date of donation. Fixed assets are capitalized if over \$5,000.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Proprietary Funds

Fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date of donation. Fixed assets are capitalized if over \$500.

#### **Depreciation**

#### Governmental Funds and Proprietary Funds

Fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	10-40 years
Improvements	10-40 years
Wastewater & Water Systems	50 years
Equipment & Vehicles	5-20 years

#### **Property Taxes**

Taxes from Cities and Towns are committed on or around March 1<sup>st</sup> of each year. Taxes are due on or near December 17<sup>th</sup>. If the taxes are not paid by a City or Town on or before the due date, the County may petition the superior court.

#### Part 2 - Fund Financial Statements

#### **Fund Accounting**

The accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into generic fund types and broad fund categories, as follows:

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Governmental Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Other Governmental Funds - The County has four nonmajor funds.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The County's Nursing Home fund accounts for the activities of the County Nursing Home. The fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the Nursing Home, which provides intermediate nursing care to the elderly residents of the County. The Home is funded through a combination of Medicare funds from the Federal Government, Medicaid funds from the State, and transfers in from the County, as well as, from the private resources of the residents of the Nursing Home.

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of personal and contractual services, supplies, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Cash and cash equivalents

The County considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds - Trust and Agency Funds are used to account for assets received by the County and held in the capacity of a trustee, custodian, or agent.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available (60 days after year end) as net current assets. Property taxes are recorded as revenue when levied even though a portion of the taxes may be collected in subsequent years. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Intergovernmental revenues and interest income are accrued when their receipt occurs soon enough after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available.

Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to the general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

All trust and agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

None of the estimates used in preparing the financial statements are considered significant.

#### Budget

#### A. Budget Law and Practice

The County commissioners submit, in the previous December, an annual budget to the County Delegation in accordance with the New Hampshire Revised Statutes Annotated. In March, the County Delegation adopts an annual budget for the current calendar year. Supplemental budgets are required for unexpected modifications to the estimated revenues and appropriations. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Unencumbered, non-special, appropriations lapse at year end. Capital projects funds are carried forward each year until the project is completed or when the bond issue proceeds are totally expended.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Budgetary Control

An all inclusive budget is prepared in gross on a line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by department and class. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at this level. Within these control levels, the Commissioners may transfer appropriations, unless the County Convention requires the Commissioners to obtain written authority from the Executive Committee of the County Delegation pursuant to New Hampshire Public Laws RSA 24:14. Several revisions were made to the budget during the year.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at year-end. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based on management's assessment of the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

#### Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments are stated at the amount management expects to collect from balances outstanding at year-end. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are based on management's assessment of the periodic aging of accounts due from other governments.

#### Investments

It is the County's policy to state investments at market value at the balance sheet date.

#### Excess Funds

There is no documented policy on where to hold excess funds.

#### Inventories

For government-wide financial statements, inventories are priced at the lower of cost or market on the first-in, first out basis. For fund financial statements, inventories are accounted for utilizing the purchase method. Under this method, inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Interfund activity is reported as either loans or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

#### Fund Balance

For governmental funds, the nonspendable fund balances represent amounts that will never convert to cash or will not convert to cash to affect the current period; the restricted fund balances represent the amounts that are restricted by external governments, contributors, or external laws; the committed fund balances represent self-imposed limitations by the County that must be voted on to be established, modified, or rescinded; the assigned fund balances represent intended use of resources such as encumbrances by the Commissioners that the Commissioners feel are necessary to operate the County; and the unassigned fund balances represent anything that does not fit into the above four classifications. The general fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned balance.

If expenditures can be applied to either restricted or unrestricted balances, the government's policy is to apply them to restricted balances. If expenditures can be applied to committed, assigned or unassigned, the government's policy is to apply them first to committed balances, then to assigned balances, and any remainder is to be applied to unassigned balances. The County has not established a policy regarding a minimum fund balance.

#### Revenues

Tax revenue and other major county revenue sources are susceptible to accrual under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Property tax revenues are collected by the towns and cities in the County in December on an annual calendar year basis.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

The total amount of the County's cash, as well as the County's investments, consists of the following at December 31, 2013:

Cash

\$ 1,628,067

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Temporary investments are stated at fair value (quoted market price or best available estimate).

Per state statutes, the County Treasurer has custody of all money belonging to the County and shall pay out the same only upon orders of the County Commissioners. The Treasurer shall deposit all such moneys in participation units in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to New Hampshire Public Laws - RSA 383:22 or in solvent banks within the state. Moneys may be deposited in banks outside the state if such banks pledge and deliver to a third party custodian bank or the Federal Reserve Bank collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations or State of New Hampshire obligations in value at least equal to the deposits amounts. Per state statutes, whenever the County Treasurer has in custody an excess of funds, which are not immediately needed for the purpose of expenditure, the Treasurer shall, under the annual investment policy adopted with the County Commissioners, invest excess funds in obligations of the United States Government; in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to New Hampshire Public Laws - RSA 383:22, in savings bank deposits of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire, or in certificates of deposits and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the state treasurer.

The receiver of such public funds to be deposited or to be invested in securities shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, provide a collateralization option (represented by exclusively segregated securities defined by the Bank Commissioner as qualifying under New Hampshire Public Laws - RSA 386:57) for such funds in an amount at least equal to the amount to be deposited or invested in securities. The New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by visiting www.nhpdip.com.

The total amount of the County's deposits in financial institutions, per the bank statements, at December 31, 2013 was \$1,926,566, of which \$615,126, was covered by federal depository insurance. The remaining deposits were collateralized by a Stand-by Letter of Credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh.

#### NOTE 3 - ALLOWANCE FOR UNCOLLECTIBLE ACCOUNTS

The allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable at December 31, 2013 is estimated to be:

			Due from		
	Accounts	Taxes	Other		
	Receivable	Receivable	Governments	Total	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_
Other governmental	_	-			_
Governmental Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	

The allowance for uncollectible accounts due from other governments at December 31, 2013 is estimated to be:

	ā.	Due from	
	Accounts		
	Receivable	Governments	Total
	\$ 2,381,434	- \$	\$ 2,381,434
Business-type	\$ 2,381,434	\$ -	\$ 2,381,434

#### **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

	Balance 01/01/13	А	dditions	Del	etions	Balance 12/31/13
Real estate (non-depreciable)	\$ 45,552	\$	-	\$		\$ 45,552
Real estate (depreciable)	12,859,504		34,894		_	12,894,398
Equipment and vehicles	2,409,094		80,974		_	2,490,068
Sewer system	2,367,673		-		_	2,367,673
Water system	1,508,026		_		_	1,508,026
Total capital assets	19,189,849		115,868			 19,305,717
Accumulated depreciation	(8,830,678)		(571,652)		-	(9,402,330)
Capital assets, net	\$ 10,359,171	\$	(455,784)	\$	-	\$ 9,903,387

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	197,148
Public safety	364,760
Corrections	-
Farm	9,744
	\$ 571,652

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

	Balance 01/01/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/13
Real estate	16,298,312	-		16,298,312
Equipment and vehicles	5,016,570	76,089	-	5,092,659
Total capital assets	21,314,882	76,089	-	 21,390,971
Less accum. depreciation	(1,679,173)	(1,053,451)	-	(2,732,624)
Capital assets, net	\$ 19,635,709	\$ (977,362)	\$ -	\$ 18,658,347

#### NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM FINANCING

Short-term debt may be authorized and issued to fund the following:

- Current operating costs prior to the collection of revenues through issuance of revenue or tax anticipation notes (RANs or TANs).
- Capital project costs and other approved expenditures incurred prior to obtaining permanent financing through issuance of bond anticipation notes (BANs) or grant anticipation notes (GANs).

Short-term loans are general obligations and carry maturity dates that are limited by statute. Interest expenditures and expenses for short-term borrowings are accounted for in the General Fund.

Details related to the short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013, is as follows:

Туре	Purpose	Rate	Due Date	Balanc 12/31/		Issued	Retired	Baland 12/31	
TAN	Cash flow	0.89%	12/30/2013		-	12,000,000	12,000,000		-
				\$	_	\$ 12,000,000	\$12,000,000	\$	-

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

The following is a summary of bonds outstanding at December 31, 2013:

\$235,000 - Public Improvement Bond (Rural Development), due in annual installments of \$7,834 through July 2032, plus interest at 4.50%.

148,826

\$8,000,000 - Jail Construction Bond, due in annual installments of \$530,000 through July 2017, plus interest at 4.10% to 4.50%.

2,120,000

\$1,400,000 - State of New Hampshire Revolving Loan, due in annual installments of \$139,653 through July 2014, plus interest at 2.31%.

139,653

Total bonds payable

\$ 2,408,479

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable:

	 Balance 01/01/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/13	Current Portion
Public Improvement	\$ 156,660	\$ -	\$ (7,834)	\$ 148,826	\$ 7,834
Jail Construction	2,650,000	:=-	(530,000)	2,120,000	530,000
NH Revolving Loan	 279,306	 	 (139,653)	 139,653	139,653
	\$ 3,085,966	\$ -	\$ (677,487)	\$ 2,408,479	\$ 677,487

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Principal	*	Total Debt Service		
2014	\$	677,487	\$	Interest 101,783	Ф.	
2015	Ψ		φ	Residence of the Contract of t	\$	779,270
		537,834		75,951		613,785
2016		537,834		52,809		590,643
2017		537,834		29,136		566,970
2018		7,834		5,198		13,032
2019-2023		39,170		20,709		59,879
2024-2028		39,170		11,893		51,063
2029-2032		31,316		3,169		34,485
	\$	2,408,479	\$	300,648	\$	2,709,127

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

The following is a summary of bonds outstanding at December 31, 2013:

\$23,500,000 - Nursing Home General Obligation Bond, due in annual installments of \$1,175,000 through August 2030, plus interest at 2.50% to 5.00%.

20,441,441

Total bonds payable

\$ 20,441,441

The following is a summary of changes in bonds payable:

	Balance 01/01/13	Additions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/13	Current Portion	
General Obligation	\$ 21,644,422	\$ -	\$ (1,202,981)	\$ 20,441,441	\$ 1,202,981	
	\$ 21,644,422	\$ -	\$ (1,202,981)	\$ 20,441,441	\$ 1,202,981	
				Name and Address of the Owner, when the Park of the Owner, when the Owner, which the Own		

The annual principal and interest requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total Debt Service
2014	\$ 1,175,000	\$ 735,844	\$ 1,910,844
2015	1,175,000	688,844	1,863,844
2016	1,175,000	659,469	1,834,469
2017	1,175,000	624,219	1,799,219
2018	1,175,000	577,219	1,752,219
2019-2023	5,875,000	2,160,530	8,035,530
2024-2028	5,875,000	1,101,563	6,976,563
2029-2030	 2,350,000	141,000	2,491,000
	\$ 19,975,000	\$ 6,688,688	\$ 26,663,688

Reconciliation to Statement of Net Position:

Principal above \$ 19,975,000

Bond premium 466,441

Statement of Net Position \$ 20,441,441

#### NOTE 7 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

Summarized below are the accrued vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2013:

	Balance 01/01/13	Additions		[	Deletions	Balance 12/31/13		Current Portion	
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 124,301	\$	-	\$	(16,524)	\$	107,777	\$	
Totals	\$ 124,301	\$	-	\$	(16,524)	\$	107,777	\$	-

#### **BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES**

	Balance 01/01/13	A	dditions	Dele	tions	Balance 12/31/13	- 50	urrent ortion
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 248,649	\$	15,180	\$	-	\$ 263,829	\$	_
Totals	\$ 248,649	\$	15,180	\$		\$ 263,829	\$	

#### **NOTE 8 - OPERATING LEASES**

The County has numerous operating leases for office equipment and office space. Future minimum annual rental payments are as follows:

2014	21,936
2015	-
2016	-
2017	-
2018	_

Operating lease expenditures totaled \$21,936 for the year and were reported in Public Safety.

#### **NOTE 9 - CAPITAL LEASES**

The County is the lessee of various vehicles under capital leases expiring in 2015. The liabilities under the capital leases are recorded at the present value of the minimum lease payments.

2014	\$ 40,544
2015	40,544
2016	19,720
2017	-
2018	-
	100,808
Less interest	8,389
Present value	\$ 92,419

The following is a summary of the changes in Capital Leases for the year ended December 31, 2013:

		3alance 1/01/13	 Additions	 Deletions	Balance 12/31/13		Current Portion	
Capital lease payable	_\$_	80,746	\$ 73,475	\$ (61,802)	\$	92,419	\$	35,911
Totals	\$	80,746	\$ 73,475	\$ (61,802)	\$	92,419	\$	35,911

Amortization of assets held under capital leases is included with depreciation expense.

The following is an analysis of the leased assets included in Capital Assets.

	Balance 01/01/13		Α	dditions	Deletions	Balance 12/31/13		
Equipment	\$	290,741	\$	73,475	\$ (213,316)	\$	150,900	
Total capital assets		290,741		73,475	(213,316)		150,900	
Less accum. depreciation		155,592		47,625	 (175,091)		28,126	
Net capital assets		135,149	\$	25,850	\$ (38,225)	\$	122,774	

#### NOTE 10 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at December 31, 2013, consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount				
General Other Governmental	Nursing Home General	\$ 530,650 167,844				
		\$ 698,494				

Interfund balances represent amounts for pooled cash.

Interfund transfers at December 31, 2013 consisted of the following:

Transfers Out:	Transfers In:									
	Gene	Other Governmental			ountain View ersing Home	Amount				
General	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,744,080		2,744,080		
Other Governmental		-		-		-		-		
Nursing Home Total	\$		\$	-	\$	2,744,080	\$ 2	2,744,080		

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that the budget requires to collect them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them.

#### **NOTE 11 - FUND BALANCE COMPONENTS**

At December 31, 2013, the components of fund balance are as follows:

	Noi	nspendable	F	Restricted	С	ommitted	Α	ssigned	U	nassigned
General Fund								3		
Not in spendable form	\$	711,091	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	_
Encumbrances		-		_		_	7	_	Ψ	
Tax anticipation note		==		2,779		_		_		_
Unspecified		<u> </u>		_,				15		(589,325)
Other Governmental Funds										(309,323)
Deeds surcharge		-		69,116		-				_
Juvenille program		-		46,708		_		-		_
Hales Location				163,519		_		_		_
Capital projects		_		-		156,450		_		_
Total	\$	711,091	\$	282,122	\$	156,450	\$		\$	(589,325)

#### NOTE 12 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

#### **NEW HAMPSHIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM**

#### A. Plan Description

County employees contribute to the New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS), a contributory defined benefit public employee pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrator for its participants.

The NHRS provides retirement, annual cost-of-living adjustments, death and disability benefits to members and beneficiaries. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute. The NHRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, New Hampshire, 03301-8507.

#### B. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the NHRS. This year, Group I members contributed 7.0% and Group II members contributed 11.55% of gross earnings. The State of New Hampshire and the County are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund the system, using the actuarial basis specified by the statute. The contribution requirements for the County and the State portion of this requirement for the past three fiscal years were:

	2013	2012			2011
County contribution	\$ 995,465	\$	872,712	\$	842,742
State contribution				W	50,188
Total requirement	 995,465	_\$	872,712	\$	892,930

#### NOTE 13 - POST - RETIREMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The County's health care plan is administered by Primex, a public entity risk pool in the State currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. New Hampshire Public Laws — RSA 100-A:50 requires that the health insurance premiums be rated together ("retired employees shall be deemed to be part of the same group of active employees...for purposes of determining medical insurance premiums"). This results in the County having a community-based plan. The County requires the retiree to pay 100% of their health insurance premium. Primex issues a publicly available financial report. That report may be obtained by writing to Primex, 46 Donovan Street, Concord, New Hampshire, 03301.

There are currently 186 participants in the retiree health insurance benefit plan of which 12 are retired employees.

#### **NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. The County, along with numerous other municipalities in the State, is a member of three public entity risk pools in the State currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for which all political subdivision in the State of New Hampshire are eligible to participate. The pools provide coverages for worker's compensation, unemployment and property liability insurance. As a member of the pools, the County shares in contributing to the cost of and receiving benefits from a self-insured pooled risk management program. Contributions paid for the fiscal year totaled \$457,208 with no unpaid contributions at year-end. There were no deductible claims for the fiscal year.

The pool agreement permits the pool to make additional assessments to members should there be deficiency in pool assets to meet its liabilities. At this time, the pool foresees no likelihood of an additional assessment for past years.

#### **NOTE 15 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The County participates in numerous State and Federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the County has not complied with rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at December 31, 2013 may be impaired. In the opinion of the County, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective agents; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

#### **NOTE 18 - MANAGEMENT REVIEW**

Management has reviewed subsequent events as of July 07, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. At that time, there were no material subsequent events.

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

	Proposed Budget		Approved Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
Taxes from cities and towns	\$	13,669,408	\$	13,669,408	\$	13,669,408	\$	-
Charges for services		1,037,628		1,037,628		1,092,625	*	54,997
Intergovernmental		35,001		35,001		28,885		(6,116)
Farm		148,500		148,500		182,269		33,769
Jail		66,445		66,445		36,664		(29,781)
Interest earned		156		156		213		57
Miscellaneous		142,501		142,501		61,174		(81,327)
TOTAL REVENUES		15,099,639		15,099,639		15,071,238		(28,401)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General government		2,396,515		2,396,515		2,618,849		(222,334)
Public safety		2,591,437		2,591,437		2,532,429		59,008
Human services		4,107,954		4,107,954		4,270,785		(162,831)
Corrections		3,381,263		3,381,263		3,038,235		343,028
Farm		177,373		177,373		168,098		9,275
Fixed asset acquisition/construction		42,500		42,500		115,869		(73,369)
Debt service:		100 <b>1</b> 00.000		,_,000		110,000		(10,003)
Principal retirement		677,487		677,487		677,487		-
Interest expense		247,043		247,043		185,597		61,446
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		13,621,572		13,621,572		13,607,349		14,223
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES BEFORE OTHER								
FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		1,478,067		1,478,067		1,463,889		(14,178)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Prior year surplus utilization		1,900,000		1,900,000		_		-
Bond proceeds		=				-		=
Proceeds from capital leases Transfers in				-		73,475		73,475
Transfers out		(3,378,067)		(3,378,067)		(2,744,080)		633,987
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(1,478,067)		(1,478,067)		(2,670,605)		707,462
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AFTER OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	-	\$		\$	(1,206,716)	\$	693,284
88% <b>5</b>						(1,200,110)	Ψ	000,204

See accompanying independent auditors' report and management's notes to required supplementary information.

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### General

The County is required to have a budget for the General Fund. The County is not required to adopt an annual budget for its special revenue and capital project funds. Budgets for individual special revenue funds are utilized in accordance with the requirements for the grantor agencies.

#### Basis of Accounting

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in preparing budgets except when non-cash items are involved. In that case, the non-cash items are omitted from the budget.

#### NOTE 2 - ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) TO GAAP BASIS RECONCILIATION

Revenues: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 15,071,238
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
The proceeds from the on-behalf payment from the State of New Hampshire are a non-cash item. Non-cash items are not considered when calculating the actual amounts for the budget.	
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 15,071,238
Expenditures: Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the budgetary comparison schedule	13,607,349
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
The expenditure of the on-behalf payment from the State of New Hampshire is a non-cash item. Non-cash items are not considered when calculating the actual amounts for the budget.	-
Accrued wages and related payroll taxes are not budgeted for and therefore are removed from the budgetary comparison schedule.	14,285
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 13,621,634

#### COUNTY OF CARROLL, NEW HAMPSHIRE NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2013

#### NOTE 3 - OVERSPENT APPROPRIATIONS

The material overspent appropriations are as follows:

General Government

\$222,334

**Human Services** 

\$162,831